Updates on Research Security Policies and Practices in the U.S. Government

Office of Science and Technology Policy Executive Office of the President

www.whitehouse.gov/OSTP
@WHOSTP



WHERE WE STARTED: NATIONAL SECURITY PRESIDENTIAL MEMORANDUM (NSPM)-33

Primary purpose of NSPM-33:

 Strengthen protections of U.S. government-supported research while maintaining an open environment in which to foster research discoveries and innovation

Practical application of NSPM-33:

- Develop a series of actions for Federal research funding agencies
- Emphasize standardized policies for disclosures
- Support transparency, researcher responsibility, and training for Federal researchers and those funded by Federal taxpayer dollars, especially through research security programs

NSPM-33 IMPLEMENTATION GUIDANCE GOALS

- **Reaffirm core values:** openness, transparency, honesty, equity, fair competition, objectivity, and democratic values
- Acknowledge the seriousness of the challenge: some foreign governments are attempting to acquire our most advanced knowledge and technologies
- Communicate and apply policies in a clear and uniform way: policies must not fuel xenophobia or other forms of discrimination
- Continue welcoming international students, scholars, and collaborations: this openness is among the country's greatest strengths



NSPM-33 IMPLEMENTATION GUIDANCE CORE PRINCIPLES

- 1) Protect America's **security** AND **openness**
- 2) **Be clear** so that researchers can easily and properly comply
- 3) Ensure that policies **do not** fuel xenophobia or prejudice



ENGAGEMENT WITH THE RESEARCH COMMUNITY

- We are grateful for the many opportunities we have had to engage and for all of your insights!
 - Hosted "Engagement Hours" over the course of last spring and heard from more than 35 organizations
 - Email us at researchsecurity@ostp.eop.gov!



NSPM-33 KEY PROVISIONS

- 1. Disclosure Requirements and Standardization
- 2. Digital Persistent Identifiers
- 3. Consequences for Violating Disclosure Requirements
- 4. Agency Information Sharing
- 5. Research Security Programs



DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS AND STANDARDIZATION

- With respect to research security, ensure federally funded researchers and research organizations provide the appropriate information regarding:
 - Potential conflicts of interest
 - Potential conflicts of commitment
- Advance standardization in disclosure requirements across agencies

LET US KNOW WHAT YOU THINK!

Federal Register Notice:

https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2022/08/31/2022-18746/agency-information-collection-activities-request-for-comment-regarding-common-disclosure-forms-for

NSF Website (which houses this link!)

https://www.nsf.gov/bfa/dias/policy/nstc_disclosure.jsp



DIGITAL PERSISTENT IDENTIFIERS

 Encourage the use of digital persistent identifiers (DPIs), e.g., electronic CVs, in disclosure processes to bolster security while reducing burden

 We encourage creators of DPI services to include categories of information that can identify and avoid financial conflicts of interest and conflicts of commitment



CONSEQUENCES FOR VIOLATING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

- Consequences can include criminal, civil, and/or administrative actions
- A variety of factors should be considered when considering consequences:
 - Harm or potential harm to the Federal Government, U.S. taxpayers, and other National interests;
 - Intent;
 - Knowledge of requirements;
 - Pattern of violation vs. isolated incident;
 - Existence and timing of self-disclosure;
 - Policies, practices, and training available
- The Guidance encourages and ensures mechanisms for researchers to correct existing disclosures



INFORMATION SHARING WITHIN THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

- The Guidance directs research agencies to share information about violations of disclosure requirements
 - Must be consistent with due process, privacy considerations, and all other applicable laws
- Information sharing will take place through a centralized government portal, SAM.gov



RESEARCH SECURITY PROGRAMS

- NSPM-33 requires a certification from research organizations awarded \$50M or more in federal awards that research security programs have been implemented
- Research security programs should include:
 - Cybersecurity
 - Foreign travel security
 - Research security training
 - Export control training, as appropriate



 The federal government will provide standardized technical assistance to develop the content of the programs

NEXT STEPS ON NSPM-33

- **Resolve feedback** on the standardized formats
- Finalize draft standards for the research security programs and seek public feedback on the draft
- Coordinate on communicating to researchers and research
 organizations how agencies use disclosure information in making
 decisions about research awards
- Assess agency implementation of NSPM-33 and iterative improvement of research security policies
- Ensure alignment with provisions coming from the CHIPS and Science Act

THE CHIPS AND SCIENCE ACT

• Signed into law on August 9, 2022

- A variety of research security provisions, incl.:
 - Foreign Talent Program participation and Malign Foreign Talent prohibition
 - Research security training requirements
 - A research security and training "analysis organization" (NSF to lead!)



CONNECTING WITH US

OSTP inbox for stakeholder inquires: ResearchSecurity@ostp.eop.gov

